



**PRICE<sup>®</sup>**

**Electric Duct Heaters**

*Superior Quality*

*Superior Service*

**Introduction** ..... I.1  
**Heater Selection Software** ..... I.2  
**Construction** ..... I.3

---

**Overview** ..... II.1  
**Description of Components** ..... II.3  
**Mechanical Construction** ..... II.4  
    Frame ..... II.5  
    Control Panel ..... II.7  
    Special Electric Heaters ..... II.9  
    Materials & Dimensions ..... II.10  
**Heating Elements** ..... II.11  
**Selection & Installation Tips** ..... II.13

---

**Electrical Construction** ..... III.1  
    Electric Control ..... III.2  
    Pneumatic Control ..... III.3  
    Electrical Components ..... III.4  
    PRICE HEC Controller ..... III.7  
    Typical Wiring Diagrams ..... III.8  
    Legend ..... III.10

---

**Thermostats** ..... IV.1  
**ON/OFF Thermostats** ..... IV.2  
    White Rogers ..... IV.2  
    Honeywell ..... IV.3  
**Modulating Thermostats** ..... IV.4  
    X100 ..... IV.4  
    DS100 ..... IV.4  
    PTA ..... IV.5

---

**Option Summary Sheet & Nomenclature** ..... V.1  
**Specification Form** ..... V.3  
    Open Coil Element Heater ..... V.3  
    Tubular Element Heater ..... V.5  
**Formulas & Conversions** ..... V.7

# *A Wide Range of HVAC Products*

Founded in Winnipeg, Manitoba in 1946 the PRICE organization began as a manufacturer's sales agent supplying quality air distribution products to the Canadian marketplace. Since then the company has grown into an international distributor and manufacturer that employs 1300 employees across 15 sales offices in Canada, and three plants in North America. Our organization's commitment to service and quality has been integral in our becoming the market leader of air distribution products in Canada.



In addition to the world-class grilles, diffusers, registers and fans that our Canadian offices supply, PRICE has also been a supplier of electric duct heaters for over 50 years. With the PRICE line of electric duct heaters you can be 100% assured that you will receive the same premier quality that you have come to expect from all PRICE products. You can also be assured that the service and support you receive will be reflective of our years of experience with this product line.

# *A PRICE Innovation: Web Based Heater Selection Software*

With Price you now have duct heater selection software that can be accessed directly from the internet: [www.selectheater.com](http://www.selectheater.com)

Whether you are an engineer or a contractor, our software allows you to easily specify and/or select the required electric heater by simply entering the basic data: duct dimensions; airflow; power; voltage; number of stages; control signals; etc. all from a user friendly window. Our software then calculates the optimum specifications for each electric heater.



## *Easy to Select*

Once you have made your selection, simply forward the selected list of heaters to one of our representatives for a fast quotation!

# Construction



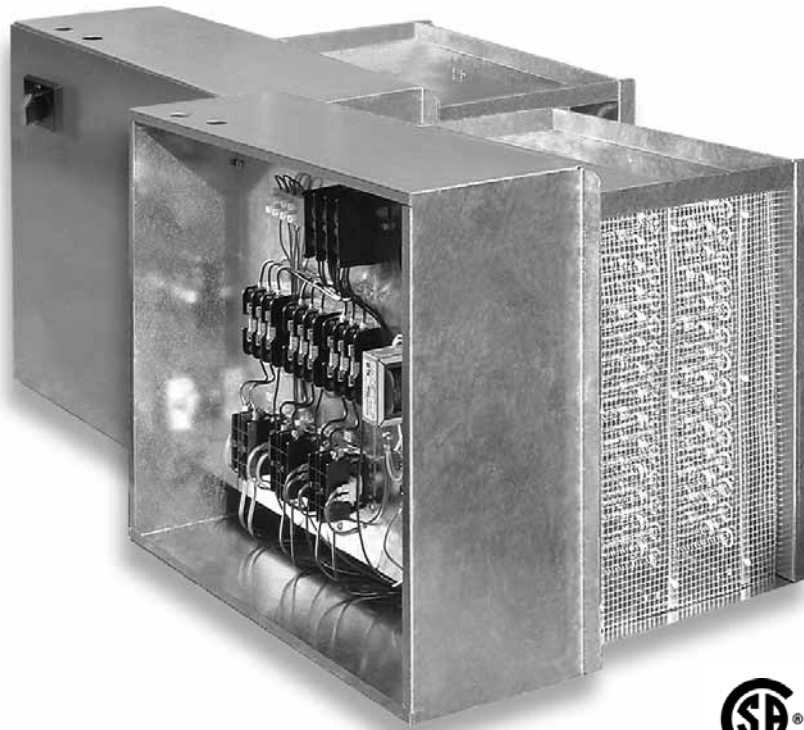
The PRICE electric heater is manufactured using the most advanced technologies available:

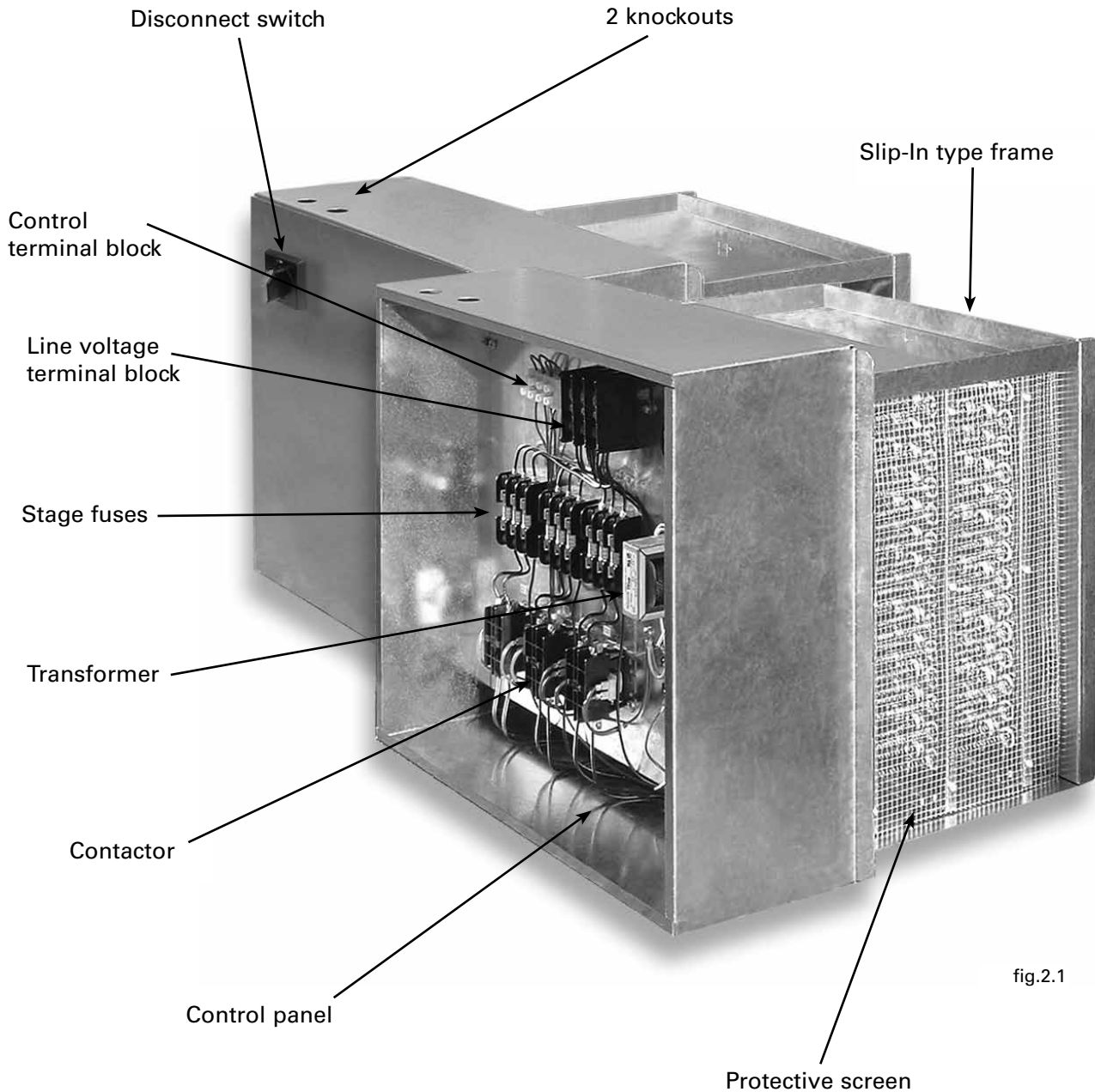
- Total automation from design to production using integrated CAD/CAM systems not only assures maximum efficiency, but also prevents errors in the transfer of plans and specification data between the client, the R&D department and manufacturing personnel.
- Highly advanced CNC technology for sheet metal fabrication is used in manufacturing all Price heaters.

All of these factors were key in designing a complete line of electric heaters that are both durable and dependable.

*section II*

**Overview  
&  
Mechanical  
Construction**









**Magnetic Contactor**

Provides power to the individual stages of the heater.  
**Standard**



**Transformer**

Supplies power to the control circuit. Supplied with a fuse.  
**Standard**



**Automatic Reset Thermal Cut-Out**

An automatic reset, primary safety device. Removes power from elements if overheating occurs.  
**Standard**



**Airflow Switch**

Safety component used to prevent a heater from operating if there is no airflow.  
**Standard for ON/OFF heaters**



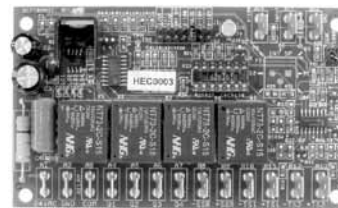
**Solid State Relay (SSR)**

Proportionally controls the amount of power transmitted to the heating elements. Allows quiet operation and is exceptionally reliable.  
**Standard for proportional heaters**



**Manual Reset Thermal Cut-Out**

A secondary safety device which removes power to the elements if overheating occurs.  
**Standard when required by code, otherwise optional**



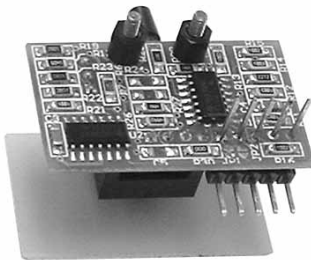
**PRICE HEC Electronic Controller**

A unique control and safety component. Controls and optimizes the power transmitted to the heating elements according to the duct temperature and air flow.  
**Standard for proportional heaters**



**Pneumatic Electric Switch**

Converts a pneumatic ON/OFF signal to an electric signal.  
**Standard for heaters with pneumatic ON/OFF signal**



**Pneumatic Electric Control**

Converts a proportional pneumatic control signal to a proportional electric signal.  
**Standard for proportional units with pneumatic signal**



**Disconnect Switch**

Cuts the power supply to the heater in order to safely perform installation and maintenance tasks.  
**Standard when required by code, otherwise optional**



**Fuses**

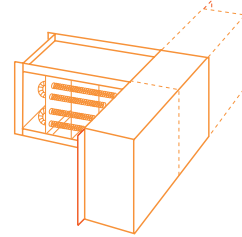
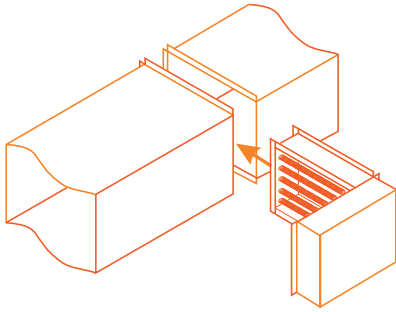
Protects the total load and/or the individual heater stages.  
**Standard when required by code, otherwise optional**



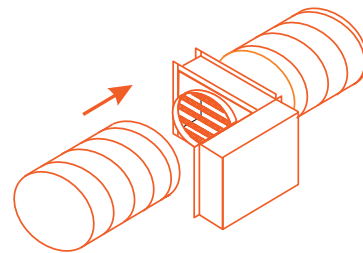
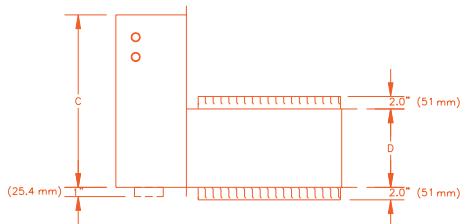
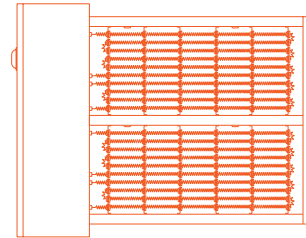
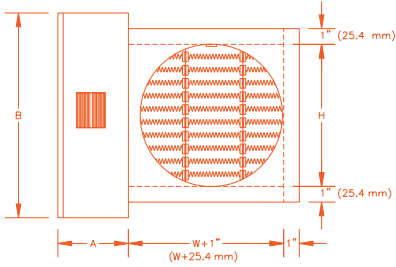
**Mercury Contactor**

Provides power to the individual stages of the heater. Allows quiet, reliable operation.  
**Optional**





# Mechanical Construction



### Slip-In Electric Heater - Type I

The slip-in type electric heaters are designed so that the entire frame can be inserted into the duct.

#### Advantages of slip-in electric heaters:

A system using a slip-in heater permits the installation of the entire ventilation duct system before the heaters become available. Retrofits are much simpler and require no extra supports.

To order a PRICE slip-in heater, specify the dimensions of the duct and the selection software will automatically calculate the optimum heater dimensions.

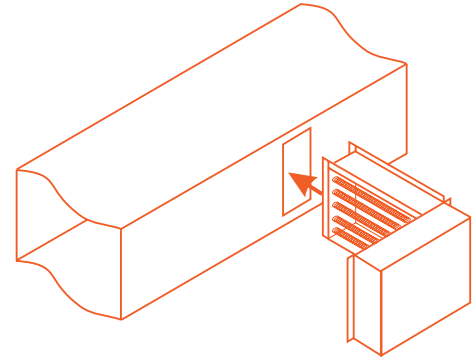


fig.2.2

#### Installation:

Allow for a proper sized opening on one side of the duct, see fig. 2.2, as well as installation clearances to avoid any obstructions around the duct. The PRICE slip-in heater has a standard 1" (25.4mm) flange on each side of the control box and can be attached directly to the duct with sheet metal screws.

### Flanged Electric Heater - Type F

Flanged heaters are designed so that the heater is an integral part of the duct work. The heater frame is attached to matching duct flanges, see fig. 2.3. Standard 1" (25.4mm) on the heater frame are used to attach it to the duct.

Flanged heater dimensions match the dimensions of the duct. Heaters requiring extra support for large heaters or custom flanges can be provided.

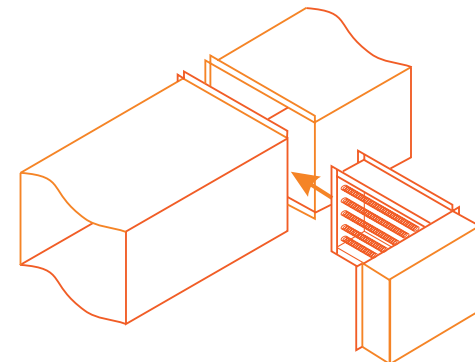


fig.2.3

#### Installation:

The PRICE electric heater comes with 1" (25.4mm) standard flanges installed around the frame and on each side of the control box. It can be attached directly onto the duct with sheet metal screws.

Note: Round collar option available with flanged electric heater type F

**Round Collar option**

Round collar electric heaters are available for installation on round duct systems with a standard diameter of 6" to 24" (152mm to 609mm). For ease of installation they are provided with one male and one female adapter.

**Installation:**

The PRICE round collar electric heater comes with a 1" (25.4mm) extension on each side of the frame. The heater is attached directly onto the duct using sheet metal screws.

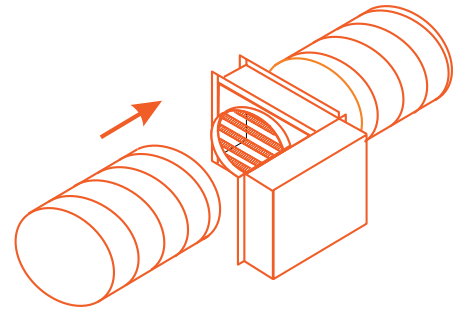


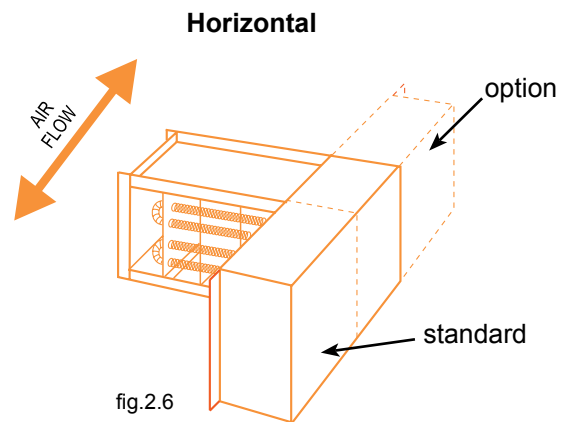
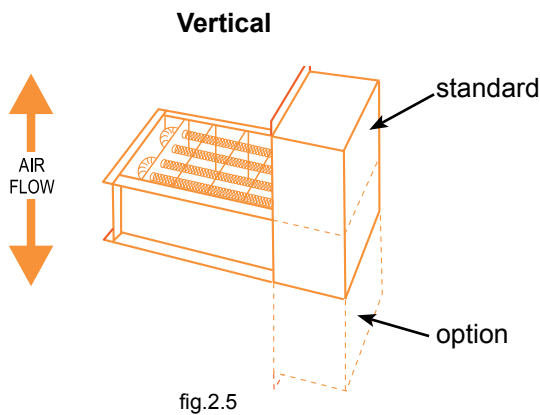
fig.2.4

**Zero Clearance Construction**

All PRICE heaters are designed and approved for zero clearance to combustible material. Zero clearance construction means that there is no restriction on the distance between combustible materials and the section of the duct housing the heater, or the heater itself. The control panel must be accessible for servicing.

**Horizontal or Vertical Mounting**

PRICE electric heaters are designed to be installed in either horizontal or vertical ducts. Please specify the airflow direction with an H for horizontal and a V for vertical to ensure correct orientation of the components in the control panel.



**Optional Accessories:**

**Protective Screens**

Optional protective screens are available to prevent accidental contact with the heating elements.

Option 10 or 01: Protective screens on one side only - 10 left of the control panel, 01 right of the control panel.

Option 11: Protective screens on both sides of the heater.

**Standard Control Panel**

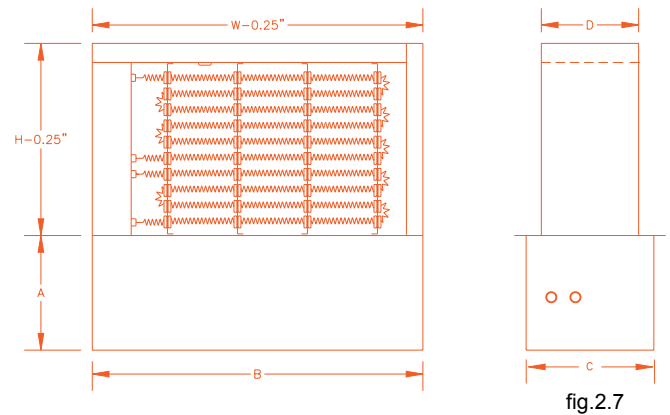
The control panel attached to the heater exceeds the frame dimensions by 1" (25.4mm) on the top and bottom. If installation conditions do not allow for this standard extension a control panel with dimensions equal to the heater frame can be provided.

The standard extension of the control panel is to the left. If installation conditions do not permit the extension to the left you must specify a right extension on your order.

**Control Panel Options**

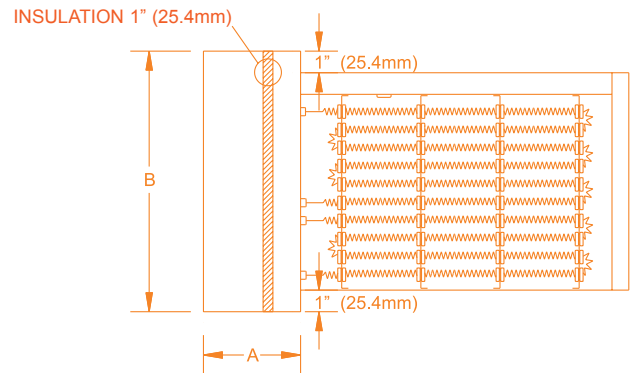
**Bottom Control Panel**

A bottom control panel can be supplied, when required for easy installation and maintenance. This option is available for all heaters (slip-in, flanged and round collar) with small dimensions.



**Insulated Control Panel**

An insulated control panel is recommended for high duct temperatures. Insulation material, 1" (25.4mm) thick is installed between the panel and the hot area to prevent condensation on electrical components.



**Remote Control Panel**

In certain cases it may be more convenient to install the control panel remotely from the heater or in a separate room. A remote control panel can be supplied upon request.

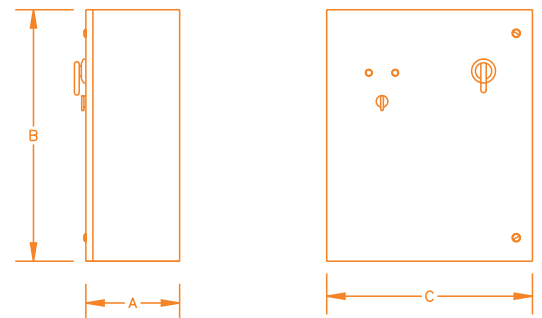


fig.2.9

fig.2.8

**Enclosure Types (control panels)****Nema 1**

(IP 10)

Enclosures constructed for indoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment and to provide a degree of protection against falling dirt.

Protected against access

This enclosure type is standard on PRICE electric heaters.

---

**Nema 12**

(IP 52)

Enclosures constructed (without knockouts) for indoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment. Provides a degree of protection against falling dirt, circulating dust, lint, fibers, as well as water or oil filtration.

Dust-protected

**Nema 4**

(IP 56)

Enclosures constructed for either indoor or outdoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment. Provides a degree of protection against falling dirt, rain, sleet, snow, windblown dust, splashing water, and hose-directed water.

Protected against  
splashing water**Nema 4X**

(IP 65)

Enclosures constructed for either indoor or outdoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment. Provides a degree of protection against falling dirt, rain, sleet, snow, windblown dust, splashing water, and hose-directed water. This enclosure is also available to withstand the external formation of ice.

Protected against corrosion

The control panel and/or the electric heater are constructed in stainless steel for this option.

---

**Special Electric Heaters**

**Heater with Cold Section**

In special cases a cold section in the air duct is required. For example; when air flow has been altered near the area where the heater is located. In this case the heater will be built to specifically adapt to this constraint. Specify the location and dimensions of the cold section(s) using the control panel as your reference point. (see fig. 2.10)

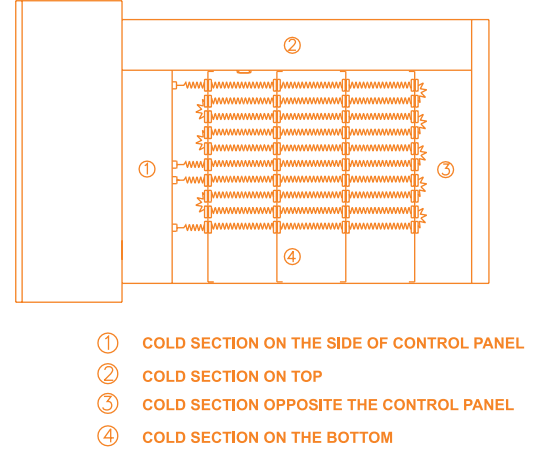


fig.2.10

**Large Heaters**

Heaters whose dimensions exceed 40" (1.0m), will be reinforced to assure proper rigidity. Multiple thermal cut-outs will be installed and evenly distributed to obtain the same level of safety as a standard size heater. In some cases, the large heater will be constructed in two sections to simplify the installation.

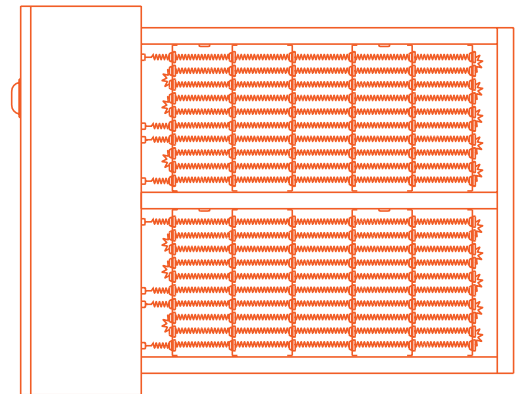


fig.2.11

**Process Heaters**

Special Heaters for high temperature applications (baking, drying) can be designed for up to 1000kW, and temperatures of 1200°F (648°C).

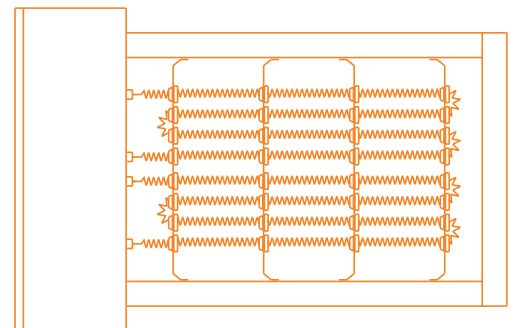


fig.2.12



**Materials**

PRICE heaters are manufactured with the appropriate gauge of galvanized steel to assure rigidity and corrosion protection.

PRICE heaters can be constructed with 304 stainless steel for special applications.

**Typical Dimensions**

**Type I (Slip-in)**

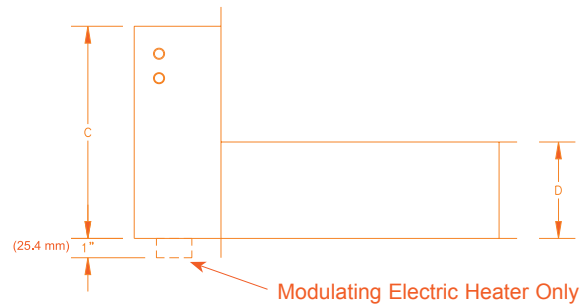
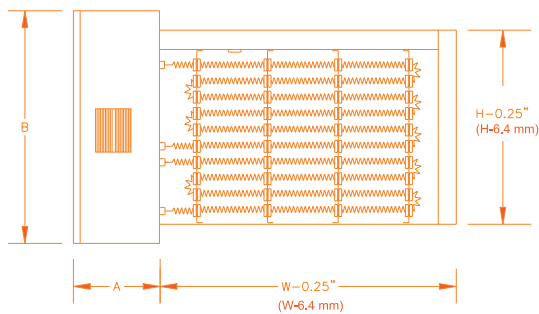


fig.2.13

Modulating Electric Heater Only

**Type F (Flanged)**

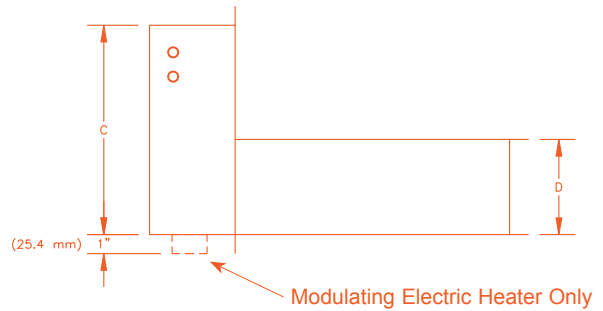
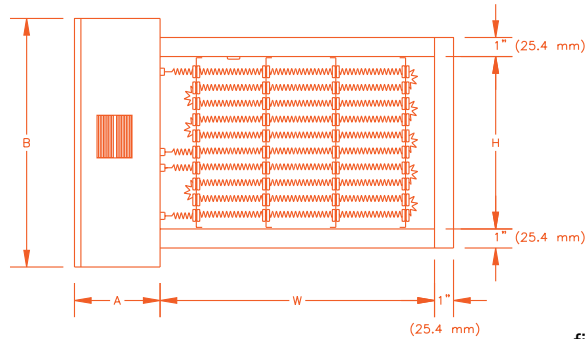


fig.2.14

Modulating Electric Heater Only

**Type R (Round Collar)**

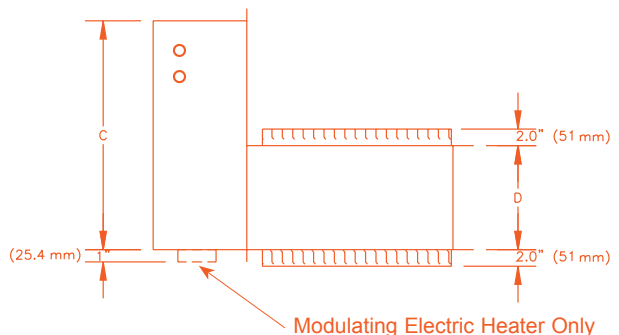
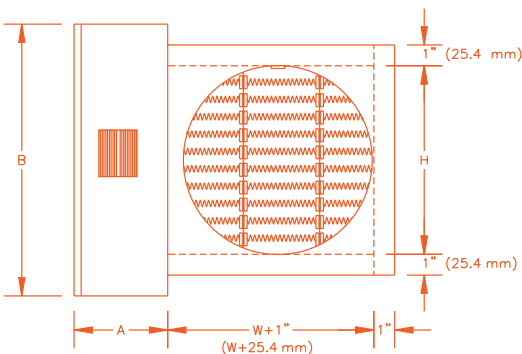


fig.2.15

Modulating Electric Heater Only

W: Width of air duct H: Height of air duct

**Open Coil Elements - Model C**

Standard open coil elements are NiCr 60 (grade C). They are composed of 60% Nickel, 16% Chrome and 24% Iron. The maximum operating temperature is 1,850°F (1,000°C).

For applications in a humid environment space, we recommend the optional NiCr 80 (grade A) elements. They are composed of 80% Nickel and 20 % Chrome (no iron). This composition allows for a maximum operating temperature of 2100°F (1150°C), and can be installed in ducts where condensation may be present.

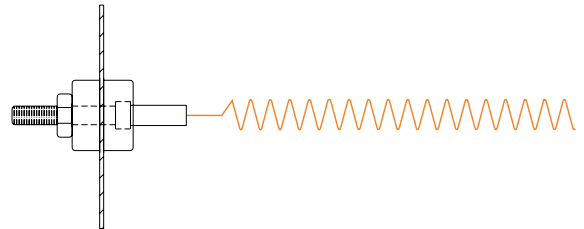


fig.2.16



fig.2.17

**Standard Tubular Elements - Model T**

Tubular elements are made with an Incoloy 800 (Nickel alloy) tube with a diameter of 3/8" (9.5mm) that contain a heating coil in magnesium oxide powder. The U or W shape of the tubular elements is determined by the heater dimensions.

**Option:** Tubular elements can be made in stainless steel upon request

**Finned Tubular Elements - Model F**

Finned tubular elements are made with an Incoloy 800 (Nickel alloy) tube with a diameter of 3/8" (9.5mm) that contains a heating coil in magnesium oxide powder. The tube is equipped with aluminum fins to allow for more efficient heat dissipation. The U or W shape of the tubular elements is determined by the heater dimensions.

**Option:** Fins can be supplied in stainless steel upon request



fig.2.18

Selection Guide

Element Types	Advantages	Disadvantages
<b>Open Coil</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Excellent heat dissipation</li> <li>- Minimal pressure drop</li> <li>- Fast response time</li> <li>- More kilowatts per sq.ft.</li> <li>- Quick delivery</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Elements in direct contact with air</li> <li>- Cannot be installed in humid environments</li> <li>- Cannot be installed in dusty environments</li> </ul>
<b>Standard Tubular</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Less sensitive to humidity and dust</li> <li>- Suited to demanding environments</li> <li>- Excellent mechanical resistance</li> <li>- Heating element not in direct contact with air</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Increase in pressure drop</li> <li>- Slower response time</li> <li>- Less heat dissipation</li> <li>- Less kilowatt per sq.ft.</li> <li>- Limited Quick Build Availability</li> </ul>
<b>Finned Tubular</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Good heat dissipation</li> <li>- Less sensitive to humidity and dust</li> <li>- Suited to demanding environments</li> <li>- Excellent mechanical resistance</li> <li>- Heating element not in direct contact with air</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Increase in pressure drop</li> <li>- Slower response time</li> <li>- Less kilowatt per sq.ft.</li> <li>- Limited Quick Build Availability</li> </ul>

table 2.1

Static Pressure Loss

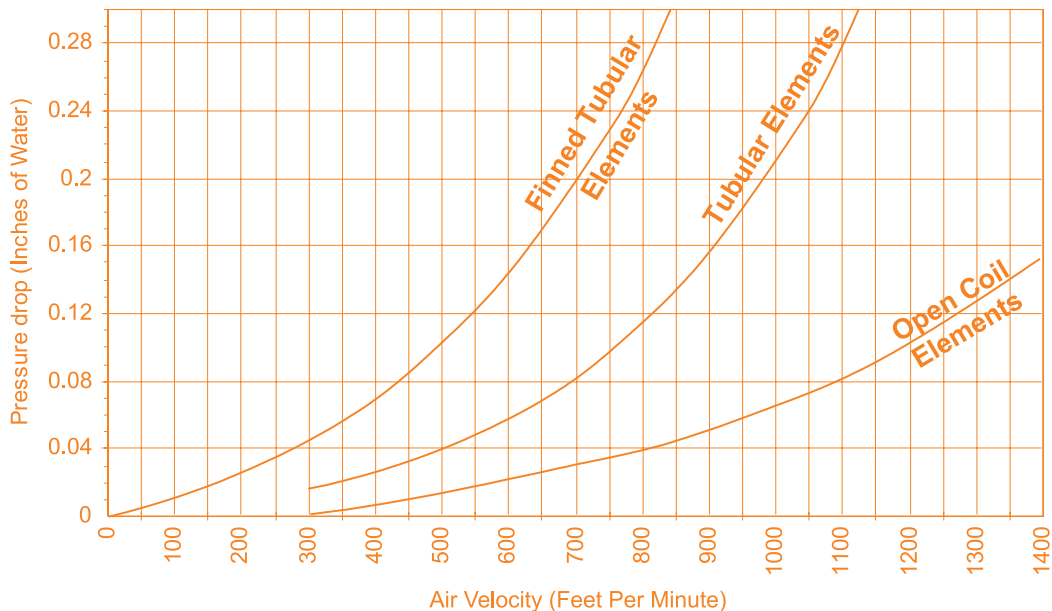


fig.2.19

**Calculation of Required Capacity**

**Imperial**

$$kW = \frac{CFM \times (T^{\circ}2 - T^{\circ}1) \times 1.08}{3413}$$

*kW* : Power in kW  
*CFM* : Air volume in cubic feet per minute  
*T<sup>°</sup>2* : Temperature of air leaving heater in °F  
*T<sup>°</sup>1* : Temperature of air entering heater in °F

**Metric**

$$P = \frac{Q \times (T^{\circ}2 - T^{\circ}1) \times 1,3}{3600}$$

*P* : Power in kW  
*Q* : Air volume in m<sup>3</sup>/hr  
*T<sup>°</sup>2* : Temperature of air leaving heater in °C  
*T<sup>°</sup>1* : Temperature of air entering heater in °C

**Minimum Air Velocity**

**Open Coil Elements**

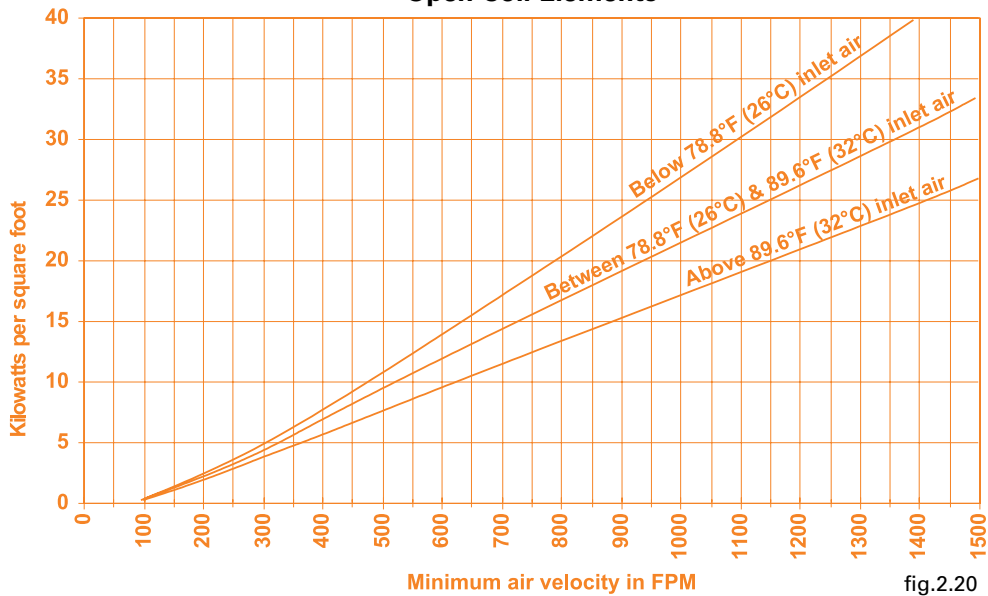


fig.2.20

**Tubular Elements**

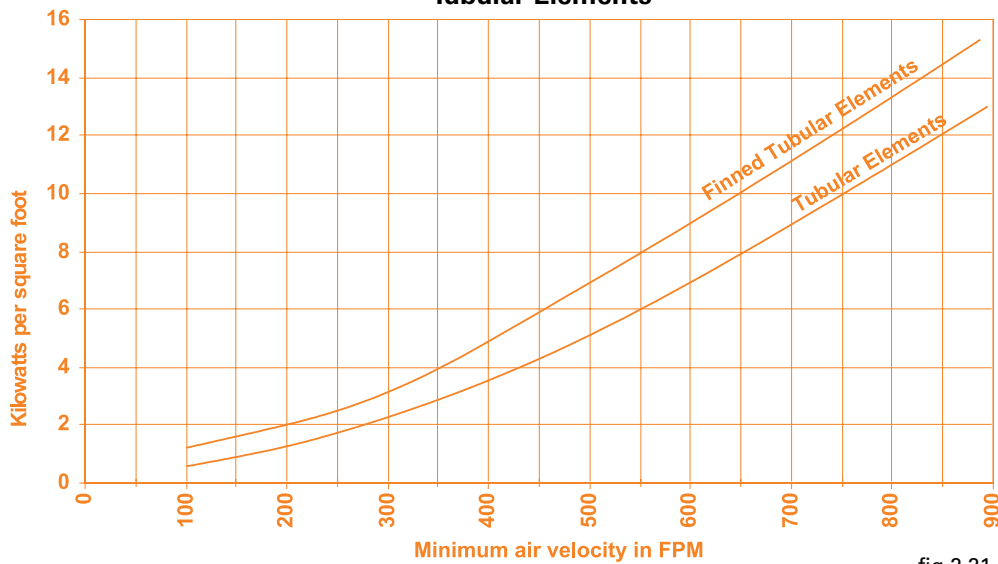


fig.2.21

**Air Flow Conditions**

Basic rules:

- Allow a minimum distance of 36" (914mm) between any obstacle or elbow and the electric heater.
- Airflow must be evenly distributed across the duct.

If these basic rules are not respected overheating may occur.

⚠ If the electric heater is located too close to a filter or diffuser, overheated areas may occur (fig. 2.22).

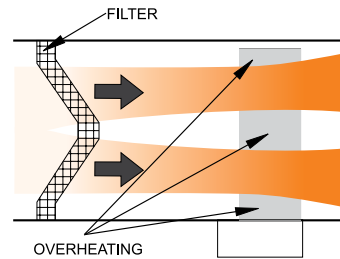


fig.2.22

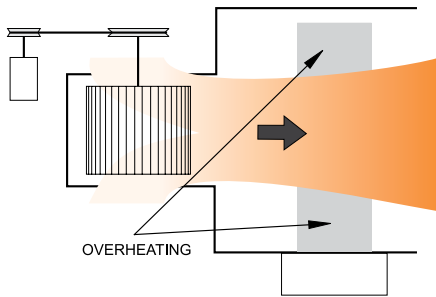


fig.2.23

⚠ If the electric heater is located too close to a fan, overheated areas may occur (fig.2.23).

⚠ If the electric heater is located too close to an elbow, overheated area may occur (fig. 2.24).

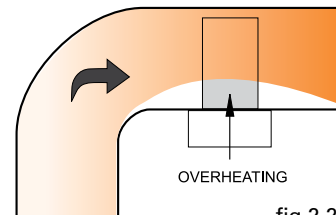


fig.2.24

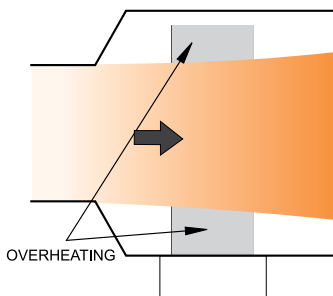


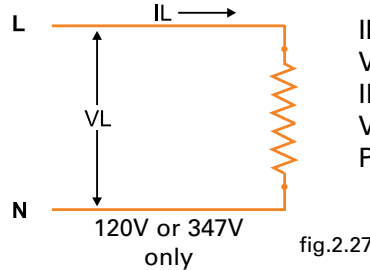
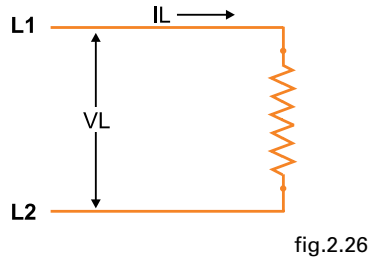
fig.2.25

⚠ If the electric heater is located too close to a transition, overheated areas at the edges of the heater may occur (fig 2.25).

If one of these overheating conditions exists the life expectancy of the heating elements will be affected. We advise that the basic rules stated above be followed. If these conditions cannot be avoided, PRICE can provide cold sections in the appropriate areas of the electric heater (see the section on special electric heaters fig.2.10).

**Electric Heater Current Calculation**

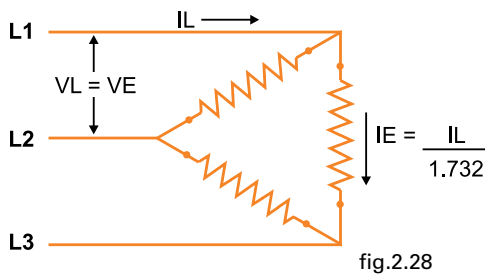
**Single phase**



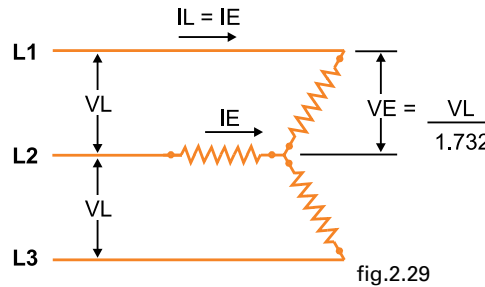
IE = Current through element in Amps  
 VE = Element Voltage in Volts  
 IL = Line Current in Amps  
 VL = Line Voltage in Volts  
 P = Power in Watts

**Three phases**

**Delta connection**



**Wye connection**



**Voltage Selection**

In order to avoid overheating due to inappropriate voltage, we recommend selecting PRICE standard voltages as listed below:

**Single phase**

Common Voltages	110V	208V	220V	230V	277V	318V	380V	416V	440V	550V
	115V			240V		332V			460V	575V
	120V			347V		480V			600V	
PRICE Standard Voltages	<b>120V</b>	<b>208V</b>	<b>220V</b>	<b>240V</b>	<b>277V</b>	<b>347V</b>	<b>380V</b>	<b>416V</b>	<b>480V</b>	<b>600V</b>

table 2.2

**Three phases**

Common Voltages	208V	230V	380V	400V	440V	550V
		240V		416V	460V	575V
		480V		600V		
PRICE Standard Voltages	<b>208V</b>	<b>240V</b>	<b>380V</b>	<b>416V</b>	<b>480V</b>	<b>600V</b>

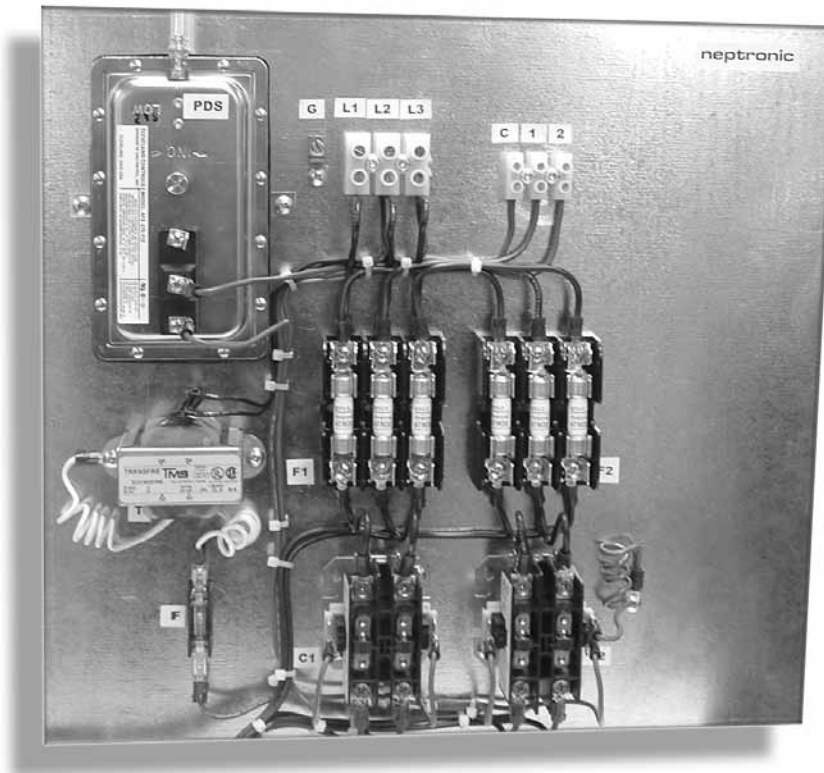
table 2.3

Please carefully select the supply voltage of the electric heater. Over estimation of the supply voltage may result in inadequate performance of the electric heater. Under estimation of the supply voltage may cause erratic fluctuations with the electric current. Please consult your PRICE representative for any non-standard voltage.



*section III*

*Electrical Construction*



**Electric Control**

**ON/OFF Control**

The control panel of an ON/OFF electric heater includes the following components:

- Transformer and control fuse
- Automatic reset thermal cutout
- Manual reset thermal cutout when required by code, otherwise optional
- Airflow switch
- Contactor(s)
- Fuses when required by code, otherwise, optional
- Disconnect switch when required by code, otherwise optional

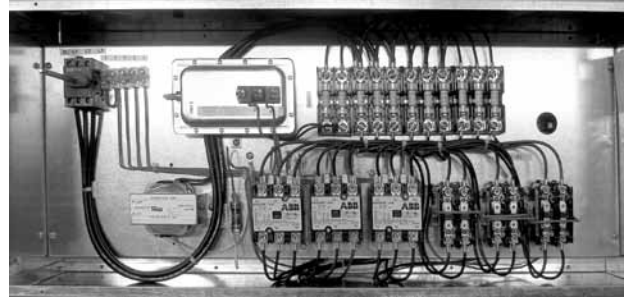


fig.3.1

**Operation:**

A thermostat contact activates each stage of the electric heater.

In addition to wiring to the power supply, you must also connect the appropriate wires to the thermostat (see wiring diagram figure 3.18).

**Proportional Control (Modulating)**

The control panel of a proportional electric heater includes the following components:

- Transformer and control fuse
- Automatic reset thermal cutout
- Manual reset thermal cutout when required by code, otherwise optional
- PRICE HEC controller
- Contactor(s)
- Solid state relay(s) (SSR)
- Fuses when required by code, otherwise optional
- Disconnect switch when required by code, otherwise optional

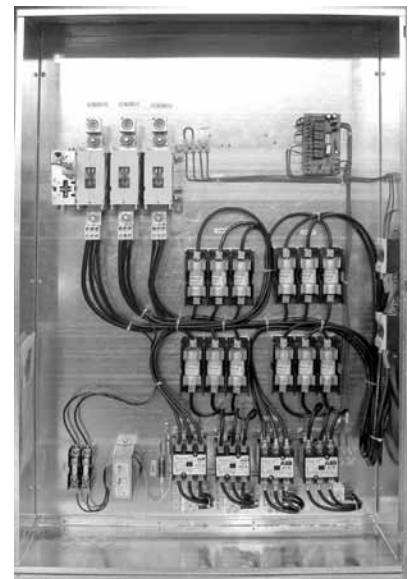


fig.3.2

**Operation:**

The proportional T-stat spacing transmits an electric signal to the HEC controller. The HEC then activates the proportional stage of the electric heater. The other stages are generally ON/OFF and are controlled by the HEC controller.

Besides wiring to the power supply, you must also connect the appropriate wires to the thermostat (see wiring diagram figure 3.19).

## Pneumatic Control

### ON/OFF Control

The control panel of an ON/OFF electric heater with pneumatic input includes the following components:

- Transformer and control fuse
- Automatic reset thermal cutout
- Manual reset thermal cutout when required by code, otherwise optional
- Airflow switch
- Pneumatic electric switch/proportional
- Contactor(s)
- Fuses when required by code, otherwise optional
- Disconnect switch when required by code, otherwise optional

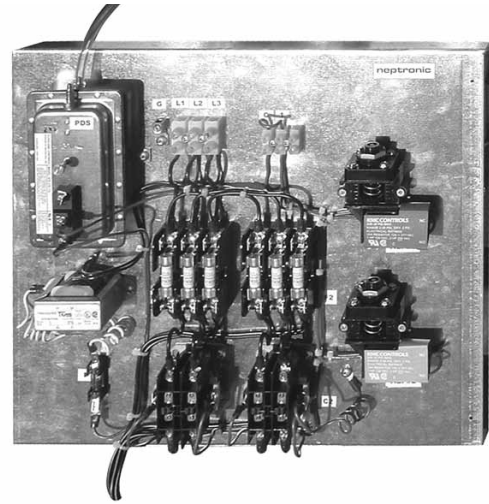


fig.3.3

### Operation:

A pneumatic signal from a pneumatic thermostat activates the different stages of the electric heater. In addition to wiring to the power supply, you must also connect a 1/4" (6mm) diameter, pneumatic signal tube to the pneumatic electric switch (see wiring diagram figure 3.20).

### Proportional Control (Modulating)

The control panel of a pneumatic proportional electric heater includes the following components:

- Transformer and load fuse
- Automatic reset thermal cutout
- Manual reset thermal cutout when required by code, otherwise optional
- PRICE HEC controller
- Pneumatic electric controller
- Contactor(s)
- Solid state relay(s)
- Fuses when required by code, otherwise optional
- Disconnect switch when required by code, otherwise optional

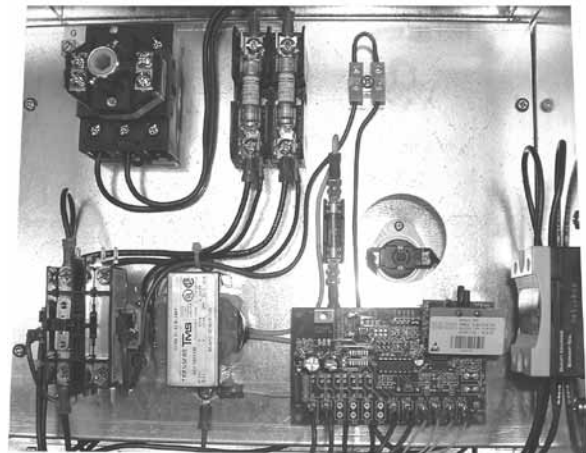


fig.3.4

### Operation:

A proportional signal from a pneumatic thermostat is transmitted to the HEC controller. The HEC activates the proportional stage of the electric heater. The other stages are generally ON/OFF and are controlled by the HEC controller.

In addition to wiring to the power supply, you must also connect a 1/4" (6mm) diameter, pneumatic signal tube onto the pneumatic electric module (see wiring diagram figure 3.21).

**Magnetic Contactor - code: CA**

Magnetic Contactors are the Price standard, and are tested to a minimum of 250,000 operations.

**Features:**

- Coil Voltage: 24 or 120VAC
- Resistive Load from 25 to 50A at 600 VAC 50/60Hz
- Number of Poles: 1, 2, or 3



fig.3.5

**Transformer (supplied with a control fuse) - code: TR**

A transformer is standard on PRICE electric heaters. The transformer supplies power to the control circuit. If you prefer that the control power be supplied by others, you must specify this with your order.

**Features:**

- Primary Voltage: same as that of electric heater
- Secondary Voltage: 24 or 120 VAC from 25 to 250VA
- Insulation: Class B



fig.3.6

**Automatic Reset Thermal Cutout - code: AC**

Standard for all PRICE electric heaters. If overheating occurs, the automatic reset will remove power from the elements.

**Features:**

- Maximum Voltage and Current: 240VAC, 25A
- Cut-off Temperature:
  - Open coil elements: 110°F (43°C)
  - Tubular elements: 167°F (75°C)



fig.3.7

**Airflow Switch - codes: PDN or PDA**

A non-adjustable airflow switch (PDN) is standard for all ON/OFF PRICE heaters. Prevents heater from operating if there is no airflow.

**Features:**

- Triggering Pressure: 0.03+/-0.02" w.c. (0.762+/-0.508mm w.g.) - adjustable optional (PDA)
- Maximum Pressure: 0.5psi (3.5kPa)
- Maximum Voltage and Current: 227V, 15A
- Tube Connections: 2 nozzles 1/4" (6.35mm)
- Accessories: supplied with 3' (914mm) pilot tube to be installed in the duct.

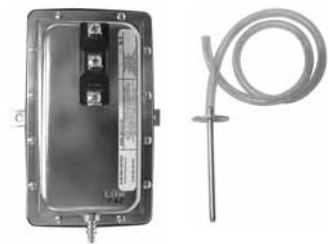


fig.3.8

**Solid State Relay - code: SSR**

Standard for proportional PRICE heaters. Proportionally controls the amount of power transmitted to the heating element.

**Features:**

- Maximum Voltage: 600V
- Current: 50A, 100A or 125A
- Zero voltage crossing detection and switching



fig.3.9

**Manual Reset Thermal Cutout - code: MC**

Standard when required by code, otherwise optional.  
Optional for all other electric heaters. If overheating occurs, the device must be manually reset.

**Features:**

Maximum Voltage and Current: 240V, 25A  
Cut-off temperature adapted to:

- Open coil elements
- Tubular elements



fig.3.10

**Pneumatic Electric Switch (ON/OFF) - code: PSO or PSC**

Standard for heaters with pneumatic ON/OFF signal.  
Transmits the pneumatic signal to the electric circuit.

**Features:**

Pneumatic Signal: from 2 to 20psi (14 to 138kPa)  
Maximum Pressure: 30psi (207kPa)  
Maximum Voltage and Current: 277V, 25A  
Pneumatic Connection: 1, 3/16" (5mm) nozzle for  
1/4" (6mm) O.D. polyethylene tube  
Normally Open (PSO) or Normally Closed (PSC)



fig.3.11

**Pneumatic Electric Controller - code: PCD or PCR**

Standard for modulating electric heaters with proportional  
pneumatic control signal.  
Transmits proportional pneumatic control signal to the  
control circuit.

**Features:**

Pneumatic Signal: 0 to 15psi (0 to 103 kPa)  
Direct (PCD) or Reverse (PCR) Acting  
Output Signal: 1 to 5VDC  
Supply Voltage: 12 or 24VAC  
Pneumatic connection: 2 3/16" (5mm) nozzles for  
1/4" (6mm) O.D. polyethylene tube

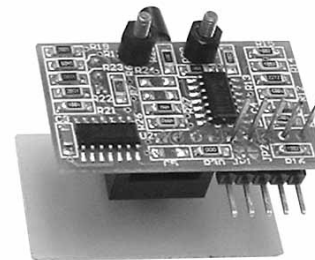


fig.3.12

**Pilot Lights - codes: LP, LH, LN, LS or LO**

Pilot lights are optional for all heaters. Pilot lights can indicate  
any of the following:

- Line Power ON (LP)
- Electric heater ON/OFF (LH)
- No airflow (LN)
- Stage ON (LS)
- Overheat (LO)

Pilot lights are installed on the front door of the control panel.

**Features:**

Voltage and Amperage: 24V, 0.073A or 120V, 0.025A  
Color: Red or Green depending on application.



fig.3.13



**Disconnect Switch - codes: DS or TS**

A disconnect (DS) with door interlock or a toggle switch (TS) is optional (except when required by code). The disconnect will cut the power supply to the heater in order to safely perform installation and maintenance tasks.

The disconnect switch with door interlock (DS) prevents the control panel from being opened if the heater is powered. It is installed on the door of the control panel.

**Features:**

Number of Poles: 3  
 Maximum Voltage and Current: 600V, 800A



Disconnect Switch (DS)

fig.3.14

**Fuses - code: SF or LF**

Fuses are optional, except when required by code. They can be installed either on the supply line (LF) and/or on the individual heater stages (SF).

They protect the total load if overheating or a short circuit occurs. Characteristics depend on current flow.

**Features:**

Maximum Voltage: 600VAC  
 Current: from 1 to 600A  
 Type: HRC form 1 (fast acting)



fig.3.15

**Mercury Contactor - code: CM**

For special applications where quiet operation is required, magnetic contactors can be replaced with optional mercury contactors. Mercury contactors have been tested for a minimum of 5,000,000 operations.

**Features:**

Coil Voltage: 24 or 120VAC  
 Resistive Load: 35A at 600VAC, 50/60Hz  
 Number of Poles: 1



fig.3.16

**Silent Relay- code: CS**

As an alternative to a mercury contactor, silent relays can be supplied as an option. These relays are for special quiet operations.

**Features:**

Coil Voltage: 24VAC  
 Resistive Load: - 26.0A at 120, 208, 240, 277VAC ; 60 Hz  
                   - 13.6A at 480VAC ; 60 Hz  
                   - 10.4A at 600VAC ; 60 Hz  
 Number of Poles: 2



fig.3.17

**Auxiliary Switches - code: AUX**

Auxiliary switches can be installed as an option when the 3 pole standard magnetic contactor has been selected.

**Features:**

Number of Poles: 2 (1 N.O. & 1 N.C.)  
 Contact Rating: 10A at 600VAC

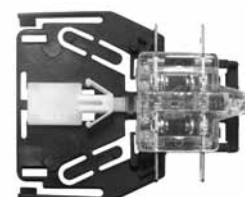


fig.3.18



# PRICE Electronic Heater Controller - HEC

The PRICE HEC is a universal controller. It accepts any input signal used in the industry and converts it to a modulating or ON/OFF control signal to the solid state relay(s) and/or the contactor(s).

This controller assures an extra level of safety by precisely measuring the air velocity and continuously updating the proportional control signal to the heater. This prevents the heater from tripping the thermal cutouts in VAV applications, when the air filters are dirty or when the duct is obstructed.

The PRICE HEC universal controller considers only convection heat and differential temperature. By continuously updating the signal to the solid state relay the HEC is able to control the heater output with great precision, the result is an extremely precise control of heater output.

## Features:

### Inputs

- Analog: 0-10 VDC, 2-10 VDC or 4-20 mA.
- Pulsed: AC pulsed to ground, AC pulsed to 24 VAC or DC pulsed to ground.
- Pneumatic: modulating 0-15 PSI, direct or reverse action.
- Resistive PRICE signal: from X100 room thermostat, X200 setpoint controller + DS100 duct sensor or X200 setpoint controller + WS100 wall sensor.

### Outputs

- TPM signal: 1-24 VDC for solid state relay.
- ON/OFF: Up to 4 step control for ON/OFF stages (standard), additional steps optional, Hybrid control - Sequential or Binary.
- Option: Fan relay for fan contact or pilot light contact.

### Internal Setpoint Option

The Internal Setpoint option allows you to control the temperature setpoint with a *potentiometer* directly installed to the HEC board. In this case, the electric heater will be connected either to a WS100 wall sensor or a DS100 duct sensor.

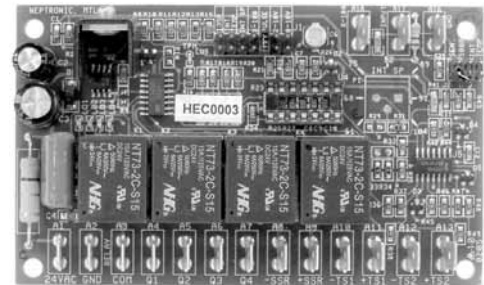


fig.3.17

## Patent Pending

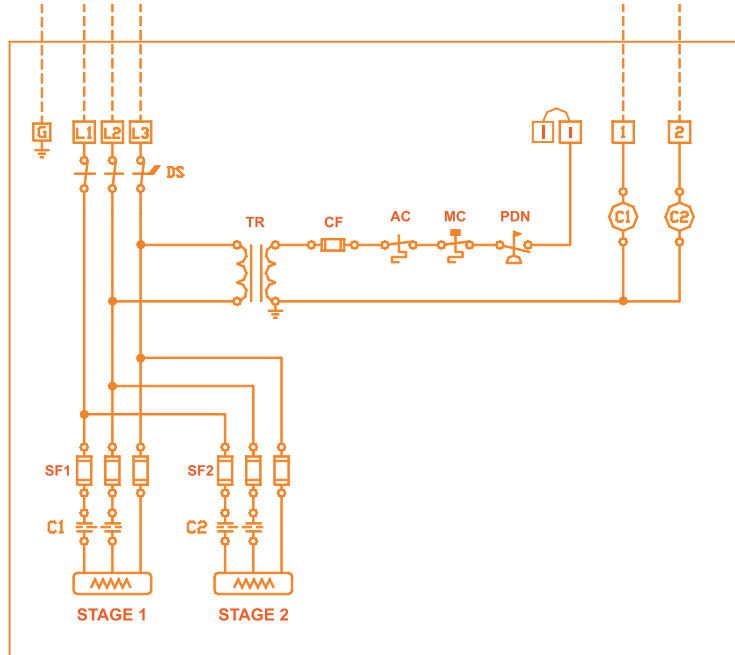
With the PRICE HEC universal controller, you no longer require an airflow switch. The control system is installed directly onto the electric heater and assembled in our plant. This assures both accuracy and reliability.

**Typical Wiring Diagrams**

**Three phase supply**

**ON/OFF electric signal - 2 stages**

(Equipped with disconnect switch, stage fuses and airflow switch options)



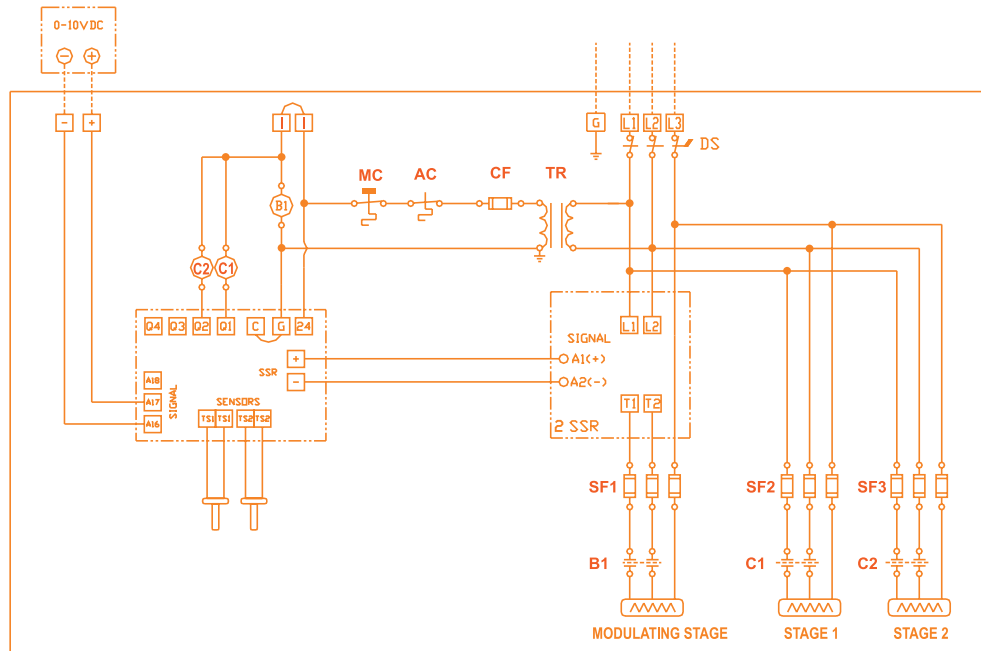
(for legend see next page)

fig.3.18

**Three phase supply**

**Modulating (0-10VDC) electric signal - 3 stages**

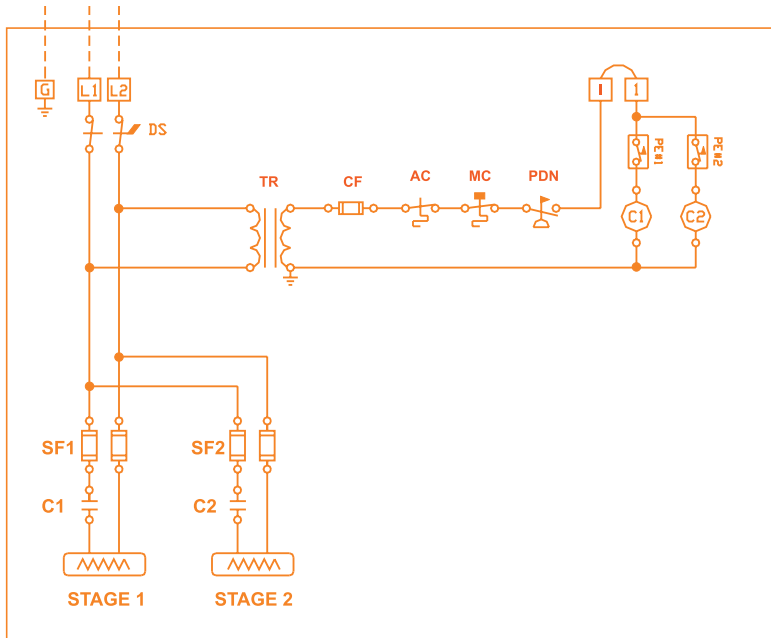
(Equipped with disconnect switch and stage fuse options).



(for legend see next page)

fig.3.19

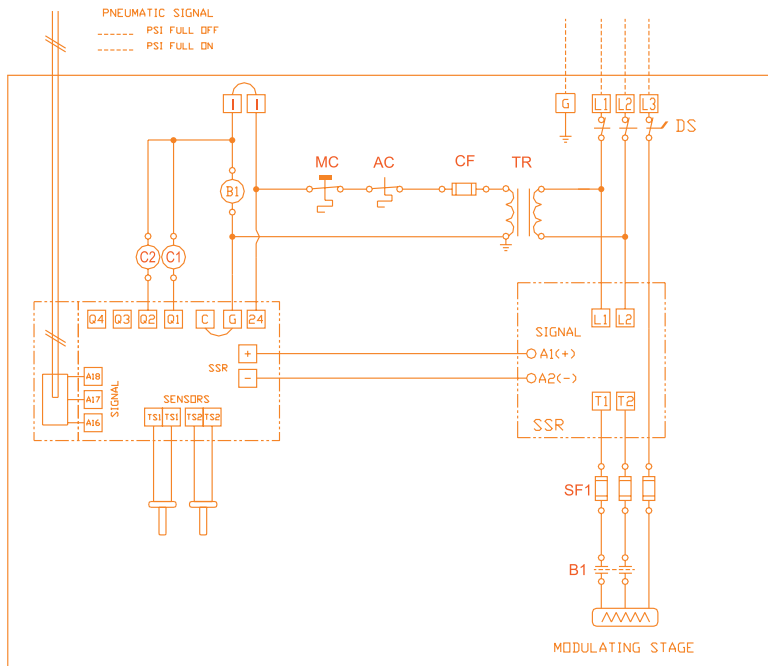
**Single phase supply**  
**ON/OFF Pneumatic signal - 2 stages**  
 (equipped with disconnect switch, stage fuses and airflow switch options)



(for legend see next page)

fig.3.20














**Three phase supply**  
**Modulating pneumatic signal - 3 stages**  
 (Equipped with disconnect switch and stage fuse options)













(for legend see next page)

fig.3.21

**Legend**

Components	
Automatic Reset Thermal Cutout	AC 
Manual Reset Thermal Cutout	MC 
Airflow Switch	PDN 
Disconnect Switch	DS 
Contact (N.O.) (normally open)	
Contact (N.C.) (normally closed)	
Transformer	TR 
Contactor Coil	
Back-up Contactor Coil	
Fuse	F 
Heating Element	
Pneumatic Electric Switch	PE#1 
Modulating Pneumatic Controller	

Terminals	
	Terminal Block Single phase
	Terminal Block 3 Phase
	Power Block
	Ground Terminal
	Interlock
	Terminal Block (control)
	Solid State Relay Terminals (Input) by others
	Solid State Relay Terminals (Output) by others
	Control Circuit Supply
	Pilot Light

*section IV*

***Thermostats***



**ON/OFF Thermostats**

**Room Thermostats - White Rodgers**

Heating: 1 stage - Model 1F30  
 ON/OFF thermostat, allows control of 1 heating stage.  
 Input Voltage: 24 VAC

Heating: 2 stages - Model 1F37.  
 ON/OFF thermostat, allows control of 2 heating stages.  
 Electrical supply: 24 VAC

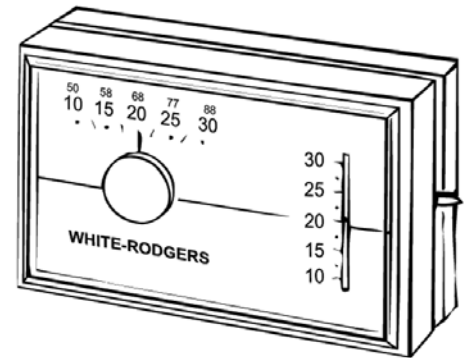


fig.4.1

**Room Thermostat - Honeywell**

Heating: 1 stage - Model T822.  
 ON/OFF thermostat, allows control of 1 heating stage.  
 Input Voltage: 24 VAC



fig.4.2



**Duct Thermostats - Honeywell**

Heating: 1 stage - Model T675A 1466.  
ON/OFF thermostat, allows control of 1 heating stage.  
Mounted on duct downstream of heating coil.  
Input Voltage: 24 VAC

Heating: 2 stages - Model T678A 1445.  
ON/OFF thermostat, allows control of 2 heating stages.  
Mounted on duct downstream of heating coil.  
Input Voltage: 24 VAC

Note: For duct thermostats with more than 2 heating stages, please contact PRICE.

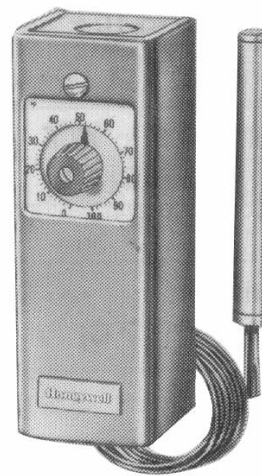


fig.4.3

## Proportional Thermostats

### Room Thermostat - X100

The PRICE X100 wall mounted thermostat allows for setpoint adjustment directly in the room where it is installed.

This design makes the X-100 elegant, simple and affordable.

#### Operation:

The X-100 is installed directly on the wall. The two temperature sensor wires are connected to the PRICE HEC controller located in the electric heater using two 28AWG wires.



fig.4.4

### Duct Sensor - DS100

The PRICE DS-100 duct sensor dictates the air temperature which the coil must heat to.

The required setpoint can be adjusted using the X200 setpoint controller or a PTA thermostat.

The X200 can be installed on a wall or on the duct in close proximity to the DS-100.

#### Operation:

The DS-100 is installed directly to the ventilation duct by inserting the temperature sensor into the duct downstream of the electric heater. The two wires of the DS100 sensor are connected directly to the X200 setpoint controller (or PTA thermostat) which is then connected to the PRICE HEC controller. Two 28AWG wires are required for all connections.



fig.4.5

**Proportional Room Thermostat - PTA**

The PRICE PTA thermostat is for room temperature control applications. Two heating and two cooling output ramps are available.

It includes 0-10 VDC proportional output signals for heating and cooling ramps and a TPM (time proportional modulation) output for heating. A NSB (night set back) input is available to expand the deadband around the setpoint for energy savings during unoccupied periods.

An internal temperature sensor is standard with the PTA, however an external sensor (DS-100) may be used.

**Features:**

Setpoint range: 57° to 88°F (14° to 31°C)

Deadband: 0.5°F (0.3°C) or +/- 0.25° F (+/-0.15°C)

Power consumption: 2VA

Output Signals:

- Proportional heating and cooling: 0-10VDC (2 heating and 2 cooling ramps)
- One TPM heating ramp: 1.2 or 24 VDC

NSB input (day/night adjustment): 0-10VDC or 24VAC



fig.4.6

**Operation:**

**Proportional Mode:**

The PTA adjusts the 0-10VDC output signal proportionally to the difference between measured temperature and setpoint temperature.

The proportional band can be 3.5°F (2°C) or 7°F (4°C).

With a 7°F (4°C) proportional band, the difference between the measured temperature and the setpoint temperature of 3.5°F (2°C) results in a 50% demand corresponding to 5VDC. The second proportional heating or cooling ramp may be used as a high demand signal.

**TPM Mode (time proportional modulating) for Heating:**

This mode allows the adjustment of a TPM period of 2 seconds proportional to the difference between measured temperature and setpoint temperature. The output voltage is a 24VDC pulse.

The proportional band can be 3.5°F (2°C) or 7°F (4°C).

With a 7°F (4°C) proportional band, a difference between the measured temperature and the setpoint temperature of 3.5°F (2°C) results in a 50% demand corresponding to 24VDC, half the time, i.e. every other second.

**NSB Mode (day/night setting)**

A 0-10VDC or 24VAC input from an external source is used to expand the deadband to 12°F (7°C) or to 14°F (8°C).



This specification summary is designed to help you make a quick selection among the many available options.

<b>1 - Selection of heating elements</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> Model C - Open coil elements <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C <input type="checkbox"/> Grade A		<input type="checkbox"/> Model T - Standard tubular elements <input type="checkbox"/> Incoloy 800 <input type="checkbox"/> Stainless Steel		<input type="checkbox"/> Model F - Finned tubular elements <input type="checkbox"/> Steel fins <input type="checkbox"/> Stainless Steel fins	
<b>2 - Selection of duct type (Installation)</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> Type I - Slip-in		<input type="checkbox"/> Type F - Flanged <input type="checkbox"/> 1" (25.4mm) flange <input type="checkbox"/> 1.5" (38mm) flange		<input type="checkbox"/> Round collar option	
<b>3 - Control panel details</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> Standard control panel Extends 1" (25.4mm) on top and bottom Left extension (if required)		<input type="checkbox"/> Special extension <input type="checkbox"/> Right extension <input type="checkbox"/> Bottom extension <input type="checkbox"/> Top extension <input type="checkbox"/> Centered extension		<input type="checkbox"/> Control panel flush with duct <input type="checkbox"/> Flush with top of duct <input type="checkbox"/> Flush with bottom of duct	
<input type="checkbox"/> Control panel on the bottom <input type="checkbox"/> Control panel on the top		<input type="checkbox"/> Insulated control panel 1" (25.4mm) thick insulation		<input type="checkbox"/> Remote control panel	
Degree of protection of control panel against external condition					
<input type="checkbox"/> NEMA Type 1 (IP10)		<input type="checkbox"/> NEMA Type 12 (IP52)		<input type="checkbox"/> NEMA Type 4 (IP56) <input type="checkbox"/> NEMA Type 4X (IP65)	
<b>4 - Special electric heaters</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> Electric heater with cold section(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Cold section on control panel side; dimensions: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Cold section opposite side of the control panel; dimensions: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Cold section on top; dimensions: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Cold section on bottom; dimensions: _____			<input type="checkbox"/> Process heater. Specify output temperature _____ (no thermal protection)		
<b>5 - System information</b>					
Air flow: _____ CFM		<input type="checkbox"/> Horizontal <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical		Voltage: _____ VAC    No. of phases: _____    Total power: _____ kW	
<b>6 - Heating stage(s) details</b>					
			Input signal: <input type="checkbox"/> Pneumatic <input type="checkbox"/> Electric		
No. of stages	Control Signal	kW	No. of stages	Control Signal	kW
Stage 1	<input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF <input type="checkbox"/> Modulating		Stage 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF	
Stage 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF		Stage 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF	
<b>7 - Control panel components</b>					
Standard components:			Options:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Transformer and control fuse (TR) <input type="checkbox"/> 60 Hz <input type="checkbox"/> 50 Hz		<input type="checkbox"/> Control voltage provided by others <input type="checkbox"/> 24Vac <input type="checkbox"/> 120Vac (on-off only)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Disconnect switch by others <small>(Supplied when required by code)</small>		<input type="checkbox"/> Disconnect switch (door interlock) (DS)    or <input type="checkbox"/> Toggle switch (TS)			
<input type="checkbox"/> No line or stage fuse <small>(Supplied when required by code)</small>		<input type="checkbox"/> Line fuses (LF)    and/or <input type="checkbox"/> Stage fuses (SF)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Magnetic contactor (CA) <input type="checkbox"/> Full break		<input type="checkbox"/> Mercury contactor (CM) <input type="checkbox"/> Thermal relay (RT) <input type="checkbox"/> Silent relay (CS)		<input type="checkbox"/> Full break	
<input type="checkbox"/> Manual reset thermal cutout (MC)		<input type="checkbox"/> Manual reset thermal cutout (MC) <small>(Supplied when required by code)</small>			
<i>For modulating electric heaters:</i> <input type="checkbox"/> HEC Electronic controller (HEC) <input type="checkbox"/> Solid state relay (SSR)		<input type="checkbox"/> Airflow switch, fixed (PDN)    or <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable (PDA)			
<input type="checkbox"/> No pilot lights		<input type="checkbox"/> Fan relay (FR) <input type="checkbox"/> Starter motor for fan, Power : _____ HP <input type="checkbox"/> Auxiliary switches (normally open & normally closed) (AUX) Qty : <input type="checkbox"/> 1 per contactor    or <input type="checkbox"/> 2 per contactor			
		<input type="checkbox"/> Pilot lights <input type="checkbox"/> Line Power (LP) <input type="checkbox"/> Heating ON (LH) <input type="checkbox"/> No airflow (LN) <input type="checkbox"/> Stage ON (LS) <input type="checkbox"/> Overheat (LO)			
<b>8 - Thermostats</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> White Rodgers 1F30		<input type="checkbox"/> White Rodgers 1F37		<input type="checkbox"/> Honeywell T822	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Honeywell T675A		<input type="checkbox"/> Honeywell T678A	
<input type="checkbox"/> X100 - Room thermostat		<input type="checkbox"/> DS100 + X200 - Duct sensor and room set point controller <input type="checkbox"/> DS100 + PTA - Duct sensor and room modulating thermostat <input type="checkbox"/> DS100 + HEC/ISP - Duct sensor and Internal set point controller		<input type="checkbox"/> PTA - PRICE proportional room thermostat	

See overleaf to select reference number of required electric heater.

**D F C F 0 1 H**

- C** Open coil elements
- T** Tubular elements
- F** Finned tubular elements

- I** Slip-In
- F** Flanged
- Round collar option

- 0** No protective screen to the left of the control panel
- 1** Protective screen to the left of control panel

- 0** No protective screen to the right of control panel
- 1** Protective screen to the right of control panel

- H** Horizontal airflow
- V** Vertical airflow

**Example:**

**DF CI11H**

Open coil elements, slip-in type, screen to the left and right of control panel, horizontal installation.

**DF FF00V:**

Finned tubular elements, flanged type, no screens, vertical installation.

**Available Options**

<b>FC</b>	Full Break Contactor	<b>PDA</b>	Pressure Differential Switch - Adjustable	<b>PSO</b>	Pneumatic/Electric Switch Normally Open
<b>RT</b>	Thermal Relay	<b>HEC</b>	Price Electronic Controller	<b>PSC</b>	Pneumatic/Electric Switch Normally Closed
<b>CA</b>	Magnetic Contactor	<b>HEC/ISP</b>	Price HEC Controller with Internal setpoint	<b>PCD</b>	Pneumatic/Electric Controller Direct Acting
<b>CS</b>	Silent Relay	<b>EAS</b>	Electronic Airflow Sensor (HEC required)	<b>PCR</b>	Pneumatic/Electric Controller Reverse Acting
<b>CM</b>	Mercury Contactor	<b>SSR</b>	Solid State Relay	<b>CGA</b>	Open Coil Grade A
<b>LF</b>	Load Fuses	<b>LP</b>	Pilot Light - Power	<b>EF</b>	Extended Flange - 1.5" (38mm)
<b>SF</b>	Stage Fuses	<b>LH</b>	Pilot Light - Heating	<b>PH</b>	Process Heater
<b>DS</b>	Disconnect Switch with Door Interlock	<b>LN</b>	Pilot Light - No Airflow	<b>N12</b>	Control Panel - NEMA 12 (IP52)
<b>TS</b>	Toggle Switch	<b>LS</b>	Pilot Light - Stage On	<b>N4</b>	Control Panel - NEMA 4 (IP56)
<b>AC</b>	Automatic Thermal cutout	<b>LO</b>	Pilot Light - Overheat	<b>N4X</b>	Control Panel - NEMA 4X (IP56)
<b>MC</b>	Manual Thermal cutout	<b>FR</b>	Fan Relay	<b>RP</b>	Remote Panel
<b>TR</b>	Transformer	<b>SMA</b>	Starter Motor for Fan Automatic		
<b>PDN</b>	Pressure Differential Switch - Non Adjustable	<b>SMM</b>	Starter Motor for Fan Manual		
<b>AUX</b>	Auxiliary switch (specify quantity max. 2)				

Please contact factory for special options

## Specification: Open Coil Element Heater

Supply as described below and/or on the drawings, CSA approved electric heaters according to CSA standard C22.2 No. 155 and UL 1996, as manufactured by PRICE.

### Mechanical Construction

PRICE electric heaters shall be manufactured using galvanized steel of appropriate gauge and will provide proper rigidity and resistance to corrosion.

Electric heaters will be manufactured and approved for zero clearance for all combustible materials.

### Heating Elements (Open Coil)

Heating elements will be manufactured from a grade C nickel chrome alloy (NiCr60).

### Modulating Heaters

PRICE modulating electric heaters will be supplied with an electronic sensor on each side of the heater to measure the temperature and the airflow, and a PRICE HEC controller to adjust the output temperature in accordance with the measured parameters. The PRICE HEC controller will shut off the electric heater when there is no airflow.

### Electrical Construction

Electric heaters will be supplied with a control panel with electric components adapted to the required voltage and current of the system.

The control panel will be manufactured for indoor conditions and will provide safety features against accidental contact with internal components (Nema type 1) (IP10).

The control panel will include a removable, hinged door to provide easy access.

The connection terminals will be clearly identified, and a corresponding wiring diagram will be affixed to the control panel.

The following standard components will be installed:

- Transformer with secondary fuse
- Magnetic contactor
- Automatic thermal cutout
- Manual thermal cutout (when required by code)
- Airflow switch
- Solid state relay (modulating control)

Additional components are optional, see list of options.

### System Conditions

Electric heater operation shall not be affected by airflow direction and heaters may be installed in either the vertical or horizontal position.

Modulating electric heater operation shall not be affected by the airflow direction. The PRICE HEC controller will automatically recognize the direction of airflow and will operate accordingly.

The mechanical dimensions, electrical requirements, and airflow direction will be as indicated on the heater schedule.

### Approvals

Mechanical drawings and wiring diagrams shall be submitted to the Consulting Engineer for approval prior to production.

## List of Options

### Mechanical Construction

*These options available:*

- Slip-in electric heater
- Flanged electric heater
- Round collar electric heater
  
- Heating section (frame) in 304 stainless steel

### Open Coil Elements

- Open coil elements in grade A (NiCr80) Nickel Chrome alloy, no traces of iron

### Electrical Construction

- 304 stainless steel control panel
- Remote control panel
- Nema12 (IP52) Control panel (protection against dust)
- Nema4 (IP56) Control panel (protection against foul weather)
- Nema4X (IP56) Control panel (protection against foul weather and corrosion)
- No transformer-control voltage provided by others
- No contactor-control components provided by others
- Mercury Contactor
- Disconnect switch - no door interlock
- Disconnect switch with door interlock
- Load fuses HRC form 1
- Stage fuses HRC form 1
- Manual reset thermal cutout
- PRICE HEC controller (provides precise modulation for heating and provides protection against overheating if there is a loss of in airflow).
- Power supply pilot light
- Stage pilot light
- Airflow pilot light
- Overheat pilot light

### Heater Protective Screens

*Optional:*

- 1 protective screen to the left of control panel.
- 1 protective screen to the right of control panel.
- 1 protective screen to the left and one to the right of control panel.

### Special Construction

PRICE electric heaters may be constructed to adapt to particular conditions. Special construction will be available upon request according to the many options described in the catalogue and on the options summary sheet.



## Specification: Tubular Element Heater

Supply as described below and/or on the drawings, CSA approved electric heaters according to CSA standard C22.2 No. 155 and UL 1996, as manufactured by PRICE (PRICE).

### **Mechanical Construction**

PRICE electric heaters shall be manufactured using galvanized steel of appropriate gauge and will provide proper rigidity and resistance to corrosion.

Electric heaters will be manufactured and approved for zero clearance for all combustible materials.

### **Heating Elements (Standard Tubular)**

Heating elements will be standard tubular type, made of an Incoloy 800 (Nickel alloy) tube with a diameter of 3/8" (9.5mm) containing a heating coil in magnesium oxide powder.

### **Modulating Heaters**

PRICE modulating electric heaters will be supplied with an electronic sensor on each side of the heater to measure the temperature and the airflow. The electric heater will also be provided with the PRICE HEC controller to adjust the output temperature in accordance with the measured parameters. The PRICE HEC controller will shut off the heater when there is no airflow.

### **Electrical Construction**

Electric heaters will be supplied with a control panel with electric components adapted to the required voltage and current of the system.

The control panel will be manufactured for indoor conditions and will provide safety features against accidental contact with internal components (Nema type 1) (IP10).

The control panel will include a removable, hinged door to provide easy access.

The connection terminals will be clearly identified, and a corresponding wiring diagram will be affixed to the control panel.

The following standard components will be installed:

- Transformer with secondary fuse
- Magnetic contactor
- Automatic thermal cutout
- Manual thermal cutout (when required by code)
- Airflow switch
- Solid state relay (modulating control)

Additional components are optional, see list of options.

### **System Conditions**

Electric heater operation shall not be affected by airflow direction and heaters may be installed in either the vertical or horizontal position.

Modulating electric heater operation shall not be affected by the airflow direction. The PRICE HEC controller will automatically recognize the direction of airflow and will operate accordingly.

The mechanical dimensions, electrical requirements, and the airflow direction will be as indicated on the heater schedule.

### **Approvals**

Mechanical drawings and wiring diagrams shall be submitted to the Consulting Engineer for approval prior to production.



## List of Options

### Mechanical Construction

*Three options available:*

- Slip-in electric heater
- Flanged electric heater
- Round collar electric heater
- Heating section (frame) in 304 stainless steel

### Heating Elements (Finned Tubular)

- Heating element shall be finned tubular type, made of an Incoloy 800 (Nickel alloy) tube with a diameter of .375" (9.5mm) containing a heating coil in magnesium oxide powder.

### Electrical Construction

- 304 stainless steel control panel
- Remote control panel
- Nema12 (IP52) Control panel (protection against dust)
- Nema4 (IP56) Control panel (protection against foul weather)
- Nema4X (IP56) Control panel (protection against foul weather and corrosion)
- No transformer-control voltage provided by others
- No contactor-control components provided by others
- Mercury Contactor
- Disconnect switch - no door interlock
- Disconnect switch with door interlock
- Load fuses HRC form 1
- Stage fuses HRC form 1
- Manual reset thermal cutout
- PRICE HEC controller, assures precise modulation for heating demand and provides protection against overheating if there is a decrease in airflow.
- Power supply pilot light
- Stage pilot light
- Airflow pilot light
- Overheat pilot light

### Heater Protective Screens

*Optional:*

- 1 protective screen to the left of control panel.
- 1 protective screen to the right of control panel.
- 1 protective screen to the left and one to the right of control panel.

### Special Construction

PRICE electric heaters may be constructed to adapt to particular conditions. Special construction will be available upon request according to the many options described in the catalogue and on the options summary sheet.

**Formulas**

**Power or electric heater capacity**

*Imperial*

$$kW = \frac{CFM \times (T^{\circ}2 - T^{\circ}1) \times 1.08}{3413}$$

*kW : Power in kW  
CFM : Air volume in Cubic Feet per Minute  
T<sup>°</sup>2 : Temperature of air leaving heater in °F  
T<sup>°</sup>1 : Temperature of air entering heater in °F*

*Metric*

$$P = \frac{Q \times (T^{\circ}2 - T^{\circ}1) \times 1,3}{3600}$$

*P : Power in kW  
Q : Air volume in m<sup>3</sup>/hour  
T<sup>°</sup>2 : Temperature of air leaving heater in °C  
T<sup>°</sup>1 : Temperature of air entering heater in °C*

**Temperature differential  $\Delta T = T^{\circ}2 - T^{\circ}1$**

*Imperial*

$$\Delta T = \frac{kW \times 3413}{CFM \times 1.08}$$

*Metric*

$$\Delta T = \frac{P \times 3600}{Q \times 1,3}$$

**KW per square foot**

*Imperial*

$$kW / pi^2 = \frac{kW}{S}$$

*kW : Power in kW  
S : Surface area in square feet*

*Metric*

$$kW / m^2 = \frac{P}{S}$$

*P : Power in kW  
S : Surface area in m<sup>2</sup>*

**Duct area**

*Imperial*

$$S = \frac{W \times H}{144}$$

*S : Surface area in square feet  
W : Duct width in inches  
H : Duct Height in inches*

*Metric*

$$S = W \times H$$

*S : Surface area in m<sup>2</sup>  
W : Duct width in meter  
H : Duct height in meter*

**Electric power**

*Single phase*

$$P = V \times I \quad \text{ou} \quad P = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

*3 phase*

$$P = V \times I \times 1.732 \quad P = \frac{V^2}{R} \times 1.732$$

*P : Power in Watts  
V : Voltage in Volts  
R : Resistance in  $\Omega$  (Ohm)  
I : Current in Amps*

**Line current**

*Single phase*

$$I = \frac{P}{V}$$

*3 phase*

$$I = \frac{P}{V \times 1.732}$$

**Conversions**

**°F to °C**

$$^{\circ}C = \frac{(^{\circ}F - 32)}{1.8}$$

**°C to °F**

$$^{\circ}F = (1.8 \times ^{\circ}C) + 32$$

**BTU to kW**

$$1 \text{ kW} = 3413 \text{ BTU/hre}$$

**kW to BTU**

$$1 \text{ BTU/hre} = 0.29307 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kW}$$

**mm to inches**

$$1 \text{ in} = 25.4 \text{ mm}$$

**Inches to mm**

$$1 \text{ mm} = 0.03937 \text{ in}$$

**CFM to FPM**

$$1 \text{ FPM} = \frac{1 \text{ CFM}}{S}$$

**FPM to CFM**

$$1 \text{ CFM} = 1 \text{ FPM} \times S$$

*S : Surface area in square feet*







**Head Office**

638 Raleigh Street  
Winnipeg, Manitoba  
Canada R2K 3Z9  
Ph: 204.669.4220  
Fax: 204.663.2715

**Winnipeg**

101 Elan Boulevard • Winnipeg, Manitoba • R2J 4H1  
Ph: 204.982.2222 • Fax: 204.663.9102

**Toronto**

130B Pippin Road • Vaughan, Ontario • L4K 4X9  
Ph: 905.669.8988 • Fax: 905.669.8023

**Barrie**

90 Ellis Drive Unit # 2 • Barrie, Ontario • L4N 8Z3  
Ph: 705.739.9374 • Fax: 705.739.9707

**Ottawa**

1542 Chatelain Avenue • Ottawa, Ontario • K1Z 8B5  
Ph: 613.725.2029 • Fax: 613.725.2719

**London**

10 Pacific Court • London, Ontario • N5V 3K4  
Ph: 519.451.5100 • Fax: 519.451.8726

**Hamilton**

70 Unsworth Drive, Unit #11 • Hamilton, Ontario • L8W 3K4  
Ph: 905.383.3599 • Fax: 905.383.1274

**Montreal**

4645 rue Louis-B-Mayer • Laval, Québec • H7P 6G5  
Tél: 514.334.9804 • Téléc: 514.745.3159

**Québec City**

4600, Boulevard Henri-Bourassa, Suite 239 • Québec City, Québec • G1H 3A5  
Tél: 418.622.9946 • Téléc: 418.622.0322

**Dartmouth**

10 Akerley Boulevard, Suite 38 • Dartmouth, Nova Scotia • B3B 1J4  
Ph: 902.468.1310 • Fax: 902.468.5270

**Vancouver**

#2 – 8038 Glenwood Drive • Burnaby, British Columbia • V3N 5E9  
Ph: 604.777.1712 • Fax: 604.777.1713

**Victoria**

475 Tennyson Place • Victoria, British Columbia • V8Z 6S8  
Ph: 250.475.1500 • Fax: 250.475.1502

**Kelowna**

130 – 397 Penno Road • Kelowna, British Columbia • V1X 7W5  
Ph: 250.765.7226 • Fax: 250.765.7224

**Edmonton**

12944 – 148 Street • Edmonton, Alberta • T5L 2H8  
Ph: 780.477.9231 • Fax: 780.477.3701

**Calgary**

Bay 130, 2730 - 39th Ave NE • Calgary, Alberta • T1Y 7H6  
Ph: 403.777.2790 • Fax: 403.777.2791

**Regina**

703 Toronto Street • Regina, Saskatchewan • S4P 8G1  
Ph: 306.525.2367 • Fax: 306.359.7899

**Saskatoon**

#8 - 130 Robin Crescent • Saskatoon, Saskatchewan • S7L 6M7  
Ph: 306.931.3316 • Fax: 306.931.0914

The founding principles of our company have never changed - business integrity, first class service and a commitment to people. Price manufacturing endeavors arose from our belief that we could supply superior products and services at a reasonable price. Our mission is to become the worldwide supplier of preference for air distribution products and services. You can rely on Price – our products and services – with confidence. Product improvement is a continuing endeavor at Price. Therefore, specifications are subject to change without notice. Consult your E.H.Price Sales representative for current specifications or more detailed information.

**Product Improvement** is a continuing endeavour at Price. Therefore, specifications are subject to change without notice. Consult your E.H. Price Sales representative for current specifications or more detailed information.

**Warranty:** The Company warrants and guarantees that all goods within this brochure that have been manufactured by the Company have been manufactured in accordance with the specifications published herein and will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months from the Bill of Lading issued by the Company. The Company will replace defective product at its option, but will not be responsible for labor or material charges in replacing product or consequential damages. Any installation not conforming with the Company's specifications, manuals, bulletins or instructions or any misuse or any modification not authorized by the Company voids this warranty. This warranty is in lieu of all Provincial, State, and Federal statutory warranties and the conditions herein are in substitution and replacement of which warranties, statutory or otherwise.